GLENORCHY PLANNING AUTHORITY ATTACHMENTS MONDAY, 8 JULY 2024



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PLANNING

5.	REPORT ON REPRESENTATIONS – MILL LANE REZONING 404-
	408 MAIN ROAD, 8 MILL LANE, 9-11 MILL LANE, 12 MILL LANE
	1/13-15 MILL LANE, 2/13-15 MILL LANE AND 17 MILL LANE,
	GLENORCHY

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Attachment 1- Summary of Representations

PLAM-23/04 – Mill Lane Rezoning and Specific Area Plan

Public Exhibition 27 April 2024 – 27 May 2024

ώ	2.	1.	No.
Not supportive	Not supportive	TasWater's Notice of no objection	Supportive/ not supportive
Mill Lane, Glenorchy Light Industrial (Sites within the Mill Lane Precinct)	Unknown	N/A	Representor's property location & zoning
 a) Advised they have no intention of building infill housing if this planning scheme amendment goes ahead, neither are they interested in the vacating the premises for a greenfield site. No financial or extra managerial capacity to exercise either option. b) Notes that the property prices may rise once rezoned, however no interest in selling the property. c) Concerned about rate rises due to rezoning to Urban Mixed Use (UMUZ). 	a) Objects to housing because it will be given to immigrants rather than citizens.b) The representor advised that a prohibition of migrants' residency in the area is required.	Notice of no objection	Issue raised
a) The proposed amendment is not only to provide opportunity for infill housing, but also to rezone the Mill Lane Precinct to an appropriate zoning that suits the current uses. This is to minimise uses typically permissible under the current Light Industrial and Commercial zones that would have negative amenity impacts on existing businesses, surrounding dwellings and the Glenorchy CBD area. The representor's use, for education & support services for people with a disability, is also not a typical use of the Light Industrial zone, and is quite restricted under that zone. The Mill Lane SAP provides for existing businesses to stay. It is the intention for the Mill Lane Precinct to provide for such supportive services, that complement uses in the Glenorchy CBD area. b) Noted. c) It is not anticipated that there would be any significant additional costs that would affect the businesses due to the rezoning. Council has policies in place for rates exemptions for charitable purposes.	The planning scheme does not play any role in governing the ownership of developments or limit who it can be occupied by. It is considered that the representation does not have adequate merit to warrant modification to the draft amendment.	Noted. No modification to the draft amendment is required.	Council Officers' Response

oi c	_	large achelobilicit of 2-TF IAIII Falle Illast rave rills	
by C		vehicles transit in either direction. Advised that any	
con		relies on a clear line of sight from Barry Street as	
disp		space on the wall of 1-13/15 Mill Lane that is	
1) This	五	h) Raised concerns regarding the approved billboard	
ROV		9-11 Mill Lane.	
Wor		implications when considering any development of	
car		protected, and that Council would consider any	
Lane		right of way (ROW) to 2/13-15 Mill Lane remain	
) The	9	g) Seeks assurance that access to car parks located	
		a potential site.	
or r		this leaves only 9-11 Mill Lane (Council car park) as	
curr		already activated to its maximum potential. As such	
(dis		industrial/office space., 404-408 Main Road is	
ldns		about to redevelop their site to retail/light	
	Ð	f) Pointed out that the Auto-Electrician at 2 – 13/15	
esta			
rezo			
area			
avai			
curr			
	e)	e) No appetite for any other existing businesses in Mill	
and			
whi			
70ni			
of t			
VOH.			
land		increased costs due to rezoning.	
rate		from NDIS which is not enough to provide for any	
char	ų,	disability sector and community, and the funding	
2	_		

- Council has policies in place for rates exemptions for charitable purposes. Council rates are classified as residential rates, and non-residential rates. Therefore, the zone of the and would not impact on the way Council calculates rates. However, it is acknowledged that the zoning of the land may have some implications on the AAV (assessed annual value) of the property calculated by the Valuer General. However, zoning is only one element of how the value is calculated which also includes location of site, capital value, buildings and structures, existing infrastructure etc.
- e proposal is to rezone the land to a suitable zoning and ovide for future housing opportunities. While there may reently be no appetite for the businesses, this may be an ailable option should there be a future appetite for the a which would be dependent on the housing market. The coning also assists in discouraging industrial uses above the proposed there are provided from the control of the
- ere have been no other representations received from ner businesses in the Mill Lane Precinct other than a sporting representation from the Department of Health scussed below). As mentioned in all the documentation, rently there are no plans to dispose the Council car park redevelop this site.
- ere are no recorded agreements for private leasing of car rks or accesses within Council's public car park at 9-11 Mill re, Glenorchy. There is no disposal / redevelopment of this park currently being considered by Council. It is also orth noting any car parks within the private properties or Ws cannot be impacted by development on other sites.
- is is not a relevant planning matter. Should a future posal / redevelopment be considered for the property, an this matter will be considered as part of that insultation process and may include further consideration. Council to take appropriate steps as per any policies that in place. The landowner would have further opportunities.

	,,,,	
	4.	
	Not supportive	
	England Avenue, Montrose General Residential (outside of Mill Lane SAP area and surrounding land)	
Question 1. Relates to Elected Members acting in the best interest of the community. Question 2. Relates to loss of all CBD Car Parking for health care in the northern suburbs including for patients coming from afar. Question 3. Relates to disadvantaged residents in Glenorchy and compromising the businesses in the Glenorchy CBD due to loss of car parks.	The representor provided an extensive representation raising several concerns and questions, to ensure an accurate summary, concerns and questions have been separately numbered and are discussed below. Concern 1. Council car parks are almost at maximum capacity as per Glenorchy Parking Strategy 2017. However, car parks are being rezoned for disposal with no alternative paring plan provided. Concern 2. No regard to welfare of residents and businesses in Glenorchy – telling people including elderly and families to use bikes and public transport for daily living.	into consideration, or the representor be compensated for loss of income. i) Sees no benefit to their organisation from the proposed amendment. Instead, only see potential cost increases and loss of income.
Question 1. The amendment does not propose or facilitate any disposal of public car parking. There is no relationship between the proposed amendment and any other project. If there was a disposal of public land being considered, then the Elected Members would consider the merits of the representations received and make a decision, as they did in 2021 when Council resolved not to proceed with a proposed disposal of Barry Street/Regina Street public car park. Question 2. The amendment does not propose or facilitate any disposal of car parking. However, it is worth noting there are no formal agreements in place for any spaces in the car park to be utilised exclusively by patrons visiting the health centre. Question 3. The amendment does not propose or facilitate any disposal of public car parking.	Concern 1. The proposal does not involve the disposal of public car parks. If Council was to consider disposal of public land, or part of it, then a disposal process would have to be undertaken which will include public consultation as per the Disposal of Council Land Policy and the Local Government Act 1993. The public would be made aware if this occurs and have the chance to submit a representation. Concern 2. The proposed amendment supports active transportation modes due to its convenient location. However, it does not prohibit anyone's preferred mode of transport in any way.	to raise their concerns about the billboard signage at that stage. There is no current plan to dispose of or develop the site. i) Noted. However, these are not planning considerations to warrant modification or withdrawal of the proposal. It is considered that the representation does not have adequate merit to warrant modification to the draft amendment.

in apartments. traffic conditions due to parking of cars on public Concern 4. Relates to road safety due to dangerous previous amendment that approved GLES.80 Principal park, and how information is misleading as with Concern 3. Relates to perceived disposal of council car needs to pay for infrastructure upgrades when housing high density developments subject to the cost of infrastructure upgrades to service Question 6. Relates to whether ratepayers will be need to provide onsite parking for apartments plans are not provided for and why developers do not conditions due to people parking on roads Glenorchy Plan (GGP) which recommends considering Concern 7. Relates to Actions under the Greater apartments in the CBD Concern 6. Regarding the approval of PAC SAP and that liveability in the municipality the CBD Concern 5. Rezoning of all car parks for apartments in streets and increased traffic due to increased residents Activity Specific Area Plan (PAC SAP) government or ratepayers. Question 7. Relates to why low-income ratepayers Question 5. Relates to why alternative car Question 4. Relates to creating dangerous traffic the responsibility of the Tasmanian Planning Commission (TPC) should the has the potential to destroy amenity and approval and government not local reassess to disallow parking identifies various opportunities. However, Council currently has Question 4. The amendment does not facilitate additional proposing a shortfall in parking spaces / increased traffic, this would be required as part of any future planning applications Concern 3. Neither the subject amendment, nor the previous Concern 7. The GGP provides a range of ideas and concepts and There is no process for rescinding TPC decisions.. It is noted that planning scheme amendment process and approved by the TPC Concern 5. Leaving this Council car park in its current zone, and Concern 4. Where applicable, a Traffic Impact Assessment disposal of public car parking amendment that approved GLE-S8.0 PAC SAP, relates to it would be up to the developer or Council to undertake parking requirements in the State Planning Provisions (SPPs) Concern 6. GLE-S8.0 PAC SAP has gone through the formal rezoning the sites around it would create a standalone Light Question 7. Refer to response to Q6 is more economical than constructing new infrastructure for Question 6: In the absence of Developer Contribution Charges, Question 5. The proposed amendment does not alter car parking on the road would need to consider road safety impacts. additional capacity within existing infrastructure in urban areas which will continue to apply the GLE-S8.0 PAC SAP this representor was heard by the TPC at the public hearing on Industrial site with car parking use that is not a typical use of funding will be available for it. However, providing infrastructure upgrades, and it is challenging to pre-empt what this zone and would not be a good planning outcome

development.

parks – also termed as Mill Lane) transportation. The proposal only enforces bicycle necessary and these cannot be banned - where will apartments, and if they are families then cars are Question 8. Relates to why other suitable sites in the without alternate car parking plans should not be this car park available when approved, however this patients. Council promised the health centre to keep Tolosa Street as pocket park Question 10. Relates to PLAM-22/04 that rezoned off 29803/5 and CT 43661/1 (Barry / Regina Streetcar for St Vincent De Paul which will cause further parking Concern 11. Relates to recently approved development storage and no car spaces. they park? Question 9. municipality are not progressing for housing. Concern 8. Relates actions under the GGP for 10 and 11 converting 9-11 Mill Lane and other public car parks for issues - questions how this was approved. Concern 10. Not everyone can ride bikes or use public (termed Mill Lane) used by medical professionals and Concern 9. Relates to Regina/ Barry Street car park been disposed of. Amendments for rezoning parking Relates to perceived disposal of Relates to who ᅙ disposal <u>\{</u> and live apartment in these C amendment the SPPs

no intention of disposing or redeveloping the car park at 9-11 Mill Lane. Any future disposal will have to be advertised and go through a public consultation process under the Disposal of Council Land Policy and the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Concern 8. These sites are outside of the Mill Lane Precinct and are not relevant to the amendment.

Concern 9. This site is outside of the Mill Lane Precinct and is not relevant to the amendment. Notwithstanding, Council did previously consider this site for disposal however this did not go through as per Council resolution in May 2021.

Question 8. The progress of any other developer-lead projects depends on several external factors. However, this is not relevant to the subject amendment where Council is proactively identifying opportunities for future housing.

Question 9. The proposal is to allow housing opportunities. The proposal does not ban car parking. Any future apartment applications will need to satisfy the car parking requirements in

Concern 10. The proposed SAP includes bicycle parking requirements as these are not required under the SPPs. These requirements are therefore in addition to the consideration of car parking requirements. Further, the proposed SAP does not override the SPPs' car parking requirements.

Concern 11. Proposed car parking has been assessed and approved under the planning application that approved the redevelopment of St Vincent De Paul site and has found to satisfy the scheme requirements.

Concern 12. Refer to Concern 9 response – not a relevant

matter to this amendment.

Question 10. PLAM-22/04 is not relevant to the subject

n 10. PLAM-22/04 is not relevant to the subject nent.

whatever mode eventuates in the Rail Corridor options from their homes at designated stations that were previously in the planning scheme Question 19. Relates to private parking requirements has been undertaken by Council Question 17. Relates to if a Traffic Impact Assessment different demographics and needs Question 15. Relates to provision of car parking for to amendment being proposed. of the rezoning and disposal of listed properties prior Question 14. Relates to analysis and review of impact Question 13. Relates to what long term car parking will direct conflict with Glenorchy Parking Strategy 2017 – Northern Transit Corridor is put to bed and no funds for Concern 13. Relates to ABS reports that indicate the Question 11. Relates to use of funds from perceived to park on streets Question 18. Relates to safety of residents when forced connections to neighbouring throughfares. Question 16. Relates to Local Area Objective of legible Question 12. Relates to proposed rezoning being in disposal of Council owned car parks available for people driving to public transport Question 11. The amendment does not propose or facilitate any subject application. The proposed SAP is designed to minimise Question 19. Question 17. In the absence a development proposal, no TIA has Question 15. under the Northen Suburbs Transit Corridor project, infil Question 18. No additional street parking is being proposed Question 16. There are no LAOs proposed in the Mill Lane SAP Question 14. There is no land disposal proposed as part of the changed from a public car park. The proposed rezoning would Question 12. The use of 9-11 Mill Lane is not proposed to be Concern 13. Irrespective of what happens within the rail corridor planning controls Question 13. This is not relevant to the proposed amendment. Strategies. This proposal provides opportunities for infill housing disposal of community owned assets and car parking. There is no parking requirements in the SPPs under the subject application development of the sites, as would be required under existing been undertaken. parking requirements in the SPPs any impacts the rezoning would have on existing businesses. have no impact on the parking strategy in a convenient location next to the CBD area with existing public housing targets are set to be achieved by the Regional Land Use relationship between the proposed amendment and any other This matter seems to relate to PLAM-22/04 that has beer transport options and services The proposed amendment does not alter car The proposed amendment does not alter This will occur as any

car

	The amendment also furthers the objectives of the Hobart City Deal by providing for improved housing supply, affordability, and diversity."			
Noted. Supporting representation – no modification to the draft amendment is required.	The submission stated, "The Department of State Growth supports the draft amendment, noting it allows for increased residential densities close to high frequency public transport services along Main Road, the Northern Suburbs Transit Corridor and existing active transport networks, and major commercial centres, social and medical services.	Department of State Growth	Supportive	'n
It is considered that the representation does not have adequate merit to warrant modification to the draft amendment.				
Question 21. This is assessed as part of any future planning application with increased traffic / parking shortfall. Question 22. Refer to response under Q6. Question 23. A specific risk assessment was not undertaken, the assessment of planning scheme amendments as set out in the legislation does not require one. The proposed amendment has been assessed against the requirements of LUPAA, which involves considering the various social, environmental and economic impacts and trade-offs of the proposed amendment. This is detailed in the Planning Scheme Amendment Report available as part of the exhibited documents.	Question 21. Relates to enforcement and regulating additional cars generated from apartment development that do not require car parking, thereby minimising amenity of residents. Question 22. Relates to the costs resulting from the proposed amendment, including the cost of infrastructure upgrade and maintenance. Question 23. Relates to whether a risk assessment was undertaken for the proposed amendment.			
Question 20. There is no disposal of public car park proposed.	Question 20. Relates to approval of development applications with a parking shortfall that rely on public			

					٥.
					Not supportive
				Zone (within the Glenorchy CBD, outside of the Mill Lane Precinct)	Main Road, Glenorchy Central Business
h) A fit ou	g) Pr fo ex be		c) GI cu St he d) Th ap	b) Ot ca re fu	a) O
A better proposal would be to retain the car parks, and to enhance them with landscaping which would fit better with the new high quality urban design outcomes for the Centre, and would enhance important economic activity.	Proposed additional housing will increase demand for car parking spaces, not decrease it. By removing existing car parks, the supply in the centre will become totally inadequate to the service needs of the community.	Business owners support the new controls to 'retain primary economic focus at street level', however if car parks are disposed of and replaced by residential buildings, then businesses will be negatively impacted.	Glenorchy shopping precinct is desirable for customers due car parks at Mill Lane and Barry Street. Removal of these car parks will impact heavily on trade. These two car parks are relied on and used heavily by the Health Centre users which has been approved on the basis of these public car parks being available for spill over parking.	Object to disposal of 9-11 Mill Lane Car Park, and car park along Barry Street/ Regina Street car park which have 40 car spots and 43 car spots respectively which are in high demand and usually full during peak times.	 a) Owner of the business at 396 Main Road which is one of the affected properties of the PAC SAP.
ಶ	g) 1)	e)	d) c)	ь)	a)
The car parks are being retained. Any further works to the car parks, such as landscaping, are not within the scope of this amendment. However, the amendment will not prohibit/ limit such works to occur in the future.	PLAM-22/04. There is no connection between the two amendments. There is no removal/ disposal of car parks being proposed.	There is no removal/ disposal of car parks being proposed.	There is no removal/ disposal of car parks being proposed. There is no removal/ disposal of car parks being proposed.	connected to the subject amendment. The car park at 9-11 Mill Lane is not proposed to be disposed of. The Barry street/ Regina Street car park was considered for disposal in 2019, however Council resolved to not proceed with the land disposal in May 2021. As such there are no public car parks being disposed of under this project.	The property at 396 Main Road is not included within the Mill Lane Precinct and would not be affected by the proposed amendment. PAC SAP has been approved under PLAM-22/04, which was a different amendment not

	appropriate for the Health Centre than the Commercial zone. It is understood that existing use rights will not be affected and proposal will not limit future development of the health facility.			
	Department's preference to see housing in close proximity to health, transport and key services. d) Notes that Council is of view that the UMUZ is more			
	 c) Supports the rezoning of the land to the south from Light Industrial to UMZ to enable opportunities for medium density housing. This is consistent with the 			
	potential conflict between residential and non- residential uses.			
	in the future. The Department acknowledges that this has been considered as part of the Mill Lane coordinates are plan which cooks to minimize			
	the services are able to continue to operate efficiently and unfettered by future residential uses	(Site within the Mill Lan precinct)		
amendment is required.		Commercial Zone		
Supporting representation – no modification to the draft	to UMUZ. b) The Gleorchy Health Service at 404 – 48 Main Road	Health, Main Road, Glenorchy		
Noted.	a) No objection to rezone the land from Commercial	Department of	Supportive	7.
It is considered that the representation does not have adequate merit to warrant modification to the draft amendment.				

GLENORCHY CITY COUNCIL

CERTIFICATION OF DRAFT AMENDMENT UNDER SECTION 40F LAND USE PLANNING AND APPROVALS ACT 1993

The Planning Authority has prepared the attached draft amendment, Amendment PLAM-23/04, to the Glenorchy Local Provisions Schedule.

The Planning Authority:

- has determined that it is satisfied that the draft amendment meets the LPS Criteria specified in Section 34 of the Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993; and
- in accordance with Section 40F (2) of the Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993 certifies that the draft amendment so meets those requirements.



In witness where of the common seal of Glenorchy City Council has been affixed on the

24th day of APRIL

2024

as authorised by Council in the presence of:

Council Delegate

GLENORCHY LOCAL PROVISIONS SCHEDULE AMENDMENT PLAM-23/04

The Glenorchy Local Provisions Schedule is amended as follows:

Land affected by this amendment:

- 404-408 Main Road, Glenorchy;
- 8 Mill Lane, Glenorchy;
- · 9-11 Mill Lane, Glenorchy;
- · 12 Mill Lane, Glenorchy;
- 1/13-15 Mill Lane, Glenorchy;
- 2/ 13- 15 Mill Lane, Glenorchy; and
- 17 Mill Lane, Glenorchy.

The Planning Scheme maps are amended as follows:

1. Apply the Urban Mixed Use Zone, as shown below.



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2. Insert the specific area plan extent overlay for GLE-S14.0 Mill Lane Specific Area Plan, as shown below.



The Planning Scheme ordinance is amended as follows:

- 1. Insert GLE-S14.0 Mill Lane Specific Area Plan, as shown in Annexure 1.
- 2. Amend the GLE-Applied, Adopted or Incorporated Documents by inserting 'and GLE-S14.7.4 A2.2 and P2.2' after 'GLE-S8.7.10 A3.2 and P3.2 GLE-S15.7.5 A3.2 A1/P1' under 'Relevant Clause in the LPS', shown below.

Document Title	Publication Details	Relevant Clauses in the LPS
Australian Standard AS 2890.3-2015 Parking facilities – Part 3: Bicycle parking		GLE-S8.7.10 A3.2 and P3.2 GLE-S15.7.5 A3.2 A1/P1 and GLE-S14.7.4 A2.2 and P2.2



The common seal of the Gle affixed on the	norchy City Council has been
24/4/2024	(date)
as authorised by the Plannin	ng Authority in the presence of
Council Delegate	

Annexure 1

GLE-S14.0 Mill Lane Specific Area Plan

GLE-S14.1 Plan Purpose

The purpose of the Mill Lane Specific Area Plan is:

- GLE-S14.1.1 To provide for existing uses and other uses that do not undermine the activity in the Glenorchy Principal Activity Centre and are suitable to be located next to an Inner Residential Zone.
- GLE-S14.1.2 To promote well-designed apartment development that supports livable housing.
- GLE-S14.1.3 To take advantage of the accessible location and support sustainable active transport.
- GLE-S14.1.4 To minimise potential conflict between residential and non-residential uses.

GLE-S14.2 Application of this Plan

- GLE-S14.2.1 This specific area plan applies to the area of land designated as GLE-S14.0 Mill Lane Specific Area Plan on the overlay maps.
- GLE-S14.2.2 In the area of land this plan applies to, the provisions of the Specific Area Plan are in addition to and in substitution for the provisions of:
 - (a) Urban Mixed-Use Zone; and
 - (b) Parking and Sustainable Transport Code, as specified in the relevant provision.

GLE-S14.3 Local Area Objectives

This sub-clause is not used in this specific area plan.

GLE-S14.4 Definition of Terms

GLE-S14.4.1 In this specific area plan, unless the contrary intention appears:

Terms	Definition
apartment	means a dwelling, where laundry facilities may be provided as shared facilities on the site.
apartment building	means a Class 2 or Class 3 residential building as defined in the National Construction Code, that contains apartments.
Glenorchy Principal Activity Centre	means the land within the Glenorchy Central Business Zone.

livable housing	means housing designed to cater for people with disability, ageing in place or families with young children.
shared open space	an outdoor recreation area, which may include a rooftop, podium or courtyard, for the shared use of the occupants of an apartment building.

GLE-S14.5 Use Table

This clause is in substitution for the Urban Mixed-Use Zone – Clause 13.2 Use Table.

Use Class	Qualification
No Permit Required	
Natural and Cultural Values Management	
Passive Recreation	
Residential	If for home-based business.
Utilities	If for minor utilities.
Permitted	
Business and Professional Services	
Community Meeting and Entertainment	
Research and Development	
Residential	If for an apartment building and:
	(a) located above ground floor level (excluding pedestrian or vehicular access and parking) or to the rear of a premises; and
	(b) not listed as a No Permitted Required.
Service Industry	If for alterations or extensions to existing to existing Service Industry.
Tourist Operation	
Visitor Accommodation	If:
	(a) not a camping and caravan park or overnight camping area; and

	(b) located above ground floor level (excluding pedestrian or vehicular access and parking) or to the rear of a premises.	
Discretionary		
Custodial Facility	If for a remand centre.	
Educational and Occasional Care		
Emergency Services		
Food Services		
General Retail and Hire		
Hospital Services		
Hotel Industry		
Manufacturing and Processing	If for alterations or extensions to existing Manufacturing and Processing.	
Residential	If for an apartment building and not listed as No Permit Required or Permitted.	
Resource Processing	If for food or beverage production.	
Sports and Recreation		
Storage	If for alterations or extensions to existing Storage.	
Transport Depot and Distribution	If for public transport facilities.	
Utilities	If not listed as No Permit Required.	
Vehicle Parking		
Visitor Accommodation	If:	
	(a) not a camping and caravan park or overnight camping area; and	
	(b) not listed as Permitted.	
Prohibited		
All other uses		

GLE-S14.6 Use Standards

GLE-S14.6.1 Retail and Food Services impact

This sub-clause is in substitution for Urban Mixed Use Zone - Clause 13.3.3 Retail impact.

Objective:	That retail and food services uses do not undermine or distort activity in the Glenorchy Principal Activity Centre.		
Acceptable S	olutions	Performance Criteria	
A1		P1	
_	oss floor area of General Retail Food Services must be not more per site.	No Performance Criteria.	

GLE-S14.6.2 Bicycle parking numbers

This sub-clause is in addition to the provisions of the Parking and Sustainable Transport Code – Clause C2.5.2 Bicycle parking numbers.

Objective:	That an appropriate level of bicycle parking spaces, or equivalent spaces for other personal mobility devices, are provided for apartments.		
A1		P1	
or equivaler	1 on-site bicycle parking space, nt space for other personal ices, must be provided for each	On-site bicycle parking spaces, or equivalent spaces for other personal mobility devices, must be provided to meet the reasonable needs of apartment residents, having regard to:	
		(a) the number of apartments and likely demand for parking for bicycles or other personal mobility devices; and	
		(b) the number of on-site car parking spaces provided for each apartment.	

GLE-S14.7 Development Standards for Buildings and Works

GLE-S14.7.1 Building height

This subclause is in substitution for Urban Mixed Use Zone – Clause 13.4.1 Building height A1 and P1

Objective:	That building height:		
	(a) is compatible with the streetscape through the scale, bulk and proportion of buildings; and		
	(b) does not cause an unreaso	onable loss of residential amenity.	
Acceptable S	olution	Performance Criteria	
A1		P1	
	tht must be not more than: n-residential building: 10m; and	Building height must be compatible with the streetscape and must not cause an unreasonable loss of residential amenity,	
		having regard to:	
(b) for a building that includes residential use:		(a) overshadowing and reduction in sunlight to publicly accessible areas or residential use;	
i. 10m,	within 3m of a frontage; and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
ii. 15m	otherwise.	(b) providing a transition in scale to adjacent buildings of lesser height if the difference in height is more than 4m; and	
		(c) visual impacts caused by the apparent scale, bulk or proportions of the building.	
			j

GLE-S14.7.2 Design of apartment buildings

This sub-clause is in addition to Urban Mixed Use Zone - Clause 13.4 Development Standards for Buildings and Works.

Objective:	That apartment buildings provide a reasonable level of amenity for residents through design that:	
	 (a) promotes resource efficiency and minimises energy consumption, by maximising solar access and natural ventilation; 	
	(b) provides residents with adequate privacy, open space and storage; and	
	(c) mitigates noise impacts from adjacent uses and traffic.	

Acceptable Solutions	Performance Criteria P1		
A1			
An apartment building must be designed to achieve: (a) at least 70% of apartments (rounded up to the nearest whole number) receive a minimum of 3 hours direct sunlight on the 21st of June to a habitable room (other than a bedroom) or private open space; and (b) not more than 15% of apartments (rounded up to the nearest whole number) receive no direct sunlight to a habitable room (other than a bedroom) or private open space on the 21st of June.	maximise the number of apartments that receive direct sunlight to a habitable room (other than a bedroom) or private open space, having regard to: (a) the size, dimensions and orientation of the site; (b) whether south facing, single aspect apartments have been minimised and multiple aspect apartments have been maximised; and (c) the amount of direct sunlight to habitable		
•	(a) the orientation of the windows;		
At least 60% of apartments must have windows and doorways that open in two or more external building facades.	P3 Apartments are designed to provide for natural ventilation, having regard to: (a) building orientation relative to prevailing breezes; (b) the number, area and location of external openings; (c) internal layout to minimise obstructions to the breeze path between external openings and		

(d) use of other passive ventilation solutions. P4 Α4 An apartment building must be designed to An apartment building must be designed to mitigate noise impacts from adjacent uses and achieve internal noise levels in accordance traffic to achieve a reasonable level of internal with the requirements specified in Table acoustic amenity for residents, having regard GLES14.9.1. (a) the characteristics of the site and adjoining properties; (b) measures in the design, layout and construction of the apartment building to eliminate, mitigate or manage effects of noise intrusion into apartments; (c) if the proposed design sound level is lower than the range specified in Table GLE-S14.9.1, maintaining a reasonable level of acoustic privacy: (i) between apartments; and (ii) between apartments and common areas of the apartment building; and (d) any advice from a suitably qualified person. **P5 A5** An apartment must have private open space An apartment must have adequate private open that: space that provides a reasonable level of amenity and opportunity for outdoor recreation for (a) has a minimum area of 6 m² plus 2 m² residents, having regard to: per bedroom, and a minimum width of (a) the area and dimensions of the space, 2 m; excluding space occupied by mechanical (b) is directly accessible from a habitable plant and equipment; room (other than a bedroom) of the (b) the location of the space, relative to a apartment; habitable room (other than a bedroom) of (c) has visual and acoustic screening from: the apartment; (i) mechanical plant and equipment, (c) the solar access, privacy, visual and acoustic service structures and lift motor qualities of the space; and rooms;

(ii) outdoor storage areas and shared (d) provision for clothes drying. laundry facilities; and (iii) adjacent outdoor entertainment areas. (d) includes a private clothes drying area that is screened from public view, unless shared clothes drying facilities are provided. P6 An apartment building containing 10 or An apartment building containing 10 or more more apartments must have shared open apartments must have adequate shared open space on the site, with: space on the site that provides reasonable amenity and outdoor recreation opportunities (a) a total area not less than the area for residents, having regard to: specified in Table GLE-S14.9.2; (a) the area and dimensions of the space; (b) a minimum horizontal dimension of (b) the number of apartments in the building; (c) a minimum area of 45m2 in one (c) provision of landscaping on the site; location; (d) the location of the space, relative to the (d) not less than 20% of the total shared apartment building's shared circulation open space area allocated for areas; landscaping; (e) measures to minimise: (e) direct access from the apartment (i) impacts on residential amenity from building's shared circulation areas; mechanical plant and equipment, service structures and lift motor rooms: (f) visual and acoustic screening from: (ii) conflict with non-residential uses on-(i) mechanical plant and equipment, site and on adjacent properties; and service structures and lift motor (iii) public visibility of any shared clothes rooms, and drying areas; (ii) non-residential uses on-site and on (f) access to direct sunlight; and adjacent properties; (g) visual screening of any shared clothes (g) any public open space in the vicinity. drying areas from public view; and (h) not less than 2 hours of direct sunlight between 9 am and 3pm on 21 June to at least 50% of the shared open space.

A6

A7.1

Private open space with sides facing the

Private open space must be designed to minimise

private open space or glazing to a habitable room of another apartment or dwelling on the same storey or a lower storey must have:

- (a) a permanently fixed screen to a height of not less than 1.7m above the finished surface level, with a uniform transparency of not more than 25%, along the sides facing the private open space or glazing to a habitable room of the other apartment or dwelling; or
- (b) a separation distance of not less than 6m from the private open space or glazing to a habitable room of the other apartment or dwelling.

A7.2

A shared open space that with sides facing the private open space or glazing to a habitable room of another apartment or dwelling on the same storey or a lower storey must have:

- (a) a permanently fixed screen to a height of not less than 1.7m above the finished surface level, with a uniform transparency of not more than 25%, along the sides facing the private open space or glazing to a habitable room of the other apartment or dwelling; or
- (b) a separation distance of not less than 6m from the private open space or glazing to a habitable room of the other apartment or dwelling.

A7.3

Glazing to a habitable room of an apartment facing the private open space or glazing to a habitable room of another apartment or dwelling on the same storey or a lower storey must:

(a) have a separation distance of not less

overlooking of the private open space and glazing to habitable rooms of any adjacent apartment or dwelling, having regard to:

- (a) the location and extent of any proposed screening; and
- (b) the location and orientation of the proposed private open space relative to the private open space and glazing to habitable rooms of adjacent apartments and dwellings.

P7.2

Shared open space must be designed to minimise overlooking of the private open space and glazing to habitable rooms of any adjacent apartment or dwelling, having regard to:

- (a) the location and extent of any proposed screening;
- (b) the layout of the shared open space; and
- (c) the location and orientation of the shared open space relative to the private open space and glazing to habitable rooms of adjacent apartments and dwellings.

P7.3

Glazing to a habitable room of an apartment must be designed to minimise direct views to the private open space and glazing to a habitable room of any adjacent apartment or dwelling, having regard to:

(a) the extent of any proposed screening or

than 6m from the private open space or glazing to a habitable room of the other apartment or dwelling;

- (b) be offset, in the horizontal plane, not less than 1.5m from the edge of the private open space or glazing to a habitable room of the other apartment or dwelling;
- (c) have a sill height of not less than 1.7m above the floor level or have fixed obscure glazing extending to a height of at least 1.7m above the floor level; or
- (d) have a permanently fixed external screen for the full length of the glazing, to a height of not less than 1.7m above floor level, with a uniform transparency of not more than 25%.

fixed obscure glazing;

- (b) the area and sill height of the proposed glazing; and
- (c) the location of the proposed glazing relative to the private open space or and glazing to habitable rooms of adjacent apartments and dwellings.

Α8

An apartment must have a secure, individual storage area that:

- (a) has a minimum volume of 4m³ plus 2m³ per bedroom;
- (b) is located externally to the apartment;
- (c) is not co-located with waste and recycling storage; and
- (d) is screened or not visible from any apartment, dwelling, other nonresidential use on the site or publicly accessible areas of the site.

P8

An apartment building must have a secure common storage area that is suitable for storing residents' bulky household items, having regard to:

- (a) the area of the space;
- (b) the number of apartments in the building;
- (c) any provision of secure, individual external storage areas;
- (d) residents' convenience and security;
- (e) location and screening to minimise visual impacts to any apartment, dwelling, other non-residential use on the site or publicly accessible areas of the site; and
- (f) separation from any on-site storage area for shared waste and recycling.

A9

A new apartment building containing 6 or more apartments must provide:

P9

A new apartment building containing 6 or more apartments must provide a reasonable number of

13

(a) not less than 30% of apartments (rounded up to the nearest whole number) meeting Gold Level livable housing elements specified at Table GLE-S14.9.3; or

(b) not less than 5% of apartments (rounded up to the nearest whole number) meeting Platinum Level livable housing elements specified at Table GLE-S14.9.3.

apartments designed as livable housing, having regard to:

- (a) the size and scale of the development;
- (b) any proposed livable housing design features, other than design features required under the Building Act 2016; and
- (c) any accessibility or housing policy or strategy adopted by Council.

GLE-S14.7.3 Waste storage and collection for apartments

Objective: That waste storage and collection for apartments:

This sub-clause is in addition to the provisions of the Urban Mixed Use Zone - Clause 13.4 Development Standards for Buildings and Works

Objective:	(a) is adequate and convenient; and (b) does not adversely impact amenity, the streetscape, other non-residential uses or traffic.		
Acceptable S	ptable Solution Performance Criteria		
A1		P1	
No Acceptab	ole Solution.	An apartment building must have adequate on-site waste storage, having regard to: (a) convenience for residents; (b) design and location to minimise noise, odour and visual impacts; (c) whether waste can be stored on a shared basis for use by all apartments on-site; (d) separation from any non-residential waste storage on the site; (e) ease of access for collection vehicles if on-site collection is proposed; and (f) any policy on waste management adopted by Council.	

A2	P2
No Acceptable Solution.	Waste collection for an apartment building must not unreasonably impact amenity or traffic flow on the site, adjoining properties or the road, having regard to:
	(a) the location, timing, duration and frequency of bin collection vehicle movements;
	 (b) manoeuvring required by waste collection vehicles, including the amount of reversing and associated warning noise;
	 (c) any noise mitigation measures between the sensitive use on the site or an adjacent property, and waste collection activities;
	(d) potential conflicts with pedestrian, bicycle or vehicular traffic;
	(e) whether waste can be collected on-site;
	(f) any advice from the road authority; and
	(g) any policy on waste management adopted by Council.

GLE-S14.7.4 Access, parking and sustainable transport for apartments

This sub-clause is in substitution to the provisions of the Parking and Sustainable Transport Code – Clause C2.5.2 Bicycle parking numbers, and in addition to Clause C2.6 Development Standards for Buildings and Works.

Objective: That access and parking for a site containing an apartment building: (a) is designed to ensure safe movement of all site users, including vehicles, bicycles, personal mobility devices and pedestrians; (b) minimises disruptions to any non-residential uses at ground floor level; and (c) provides for active transport options. Acceptable Solution Performance Criteria A1 P1

No Acceptable Solution. For a site containing an apartment building, if commercial vehicles will also enter the site, access and parking must be designed to ensure safe movement of all site users, having regard to: (a) separation of parking, loading and unloading areas for commercial vehicles; (b) the location of parking areas for all other vehicles; (c) minimising disruption to non-residential uses; and (d) any advice from the road authority. P2.1 A2.1 Bicycle parking spaces, or equivalent spaces Bicycle parking spaces, or equivalent spaces for other personal mobility devices, for for other personal mobility devices, for apartments must be provided in a safe, secure apartments must: and convenient location, having regard to: (a) be accessible from a road, cycle path, bicycle lane, shared path or access way; (a) access to the site; (b) the characteristics of the site, including (b) be located on common property of the other uses on the site; apartment building or its car parking area; and (c) the location and visibility of proposed parking for bicycles or other personal (c) if located within a car parking area, must mobility devices; and be clearly marked. (d) the location of other parking areas on the site. A2.2 P2.2 Bicycle parking spaces, or equivalent spaces Bicycle parking spaces, or equivalent spaces for other personal mobility devices, for for other personal mobility devices, for apartments must: apartments and the associated access must be convenient, safe, secure and efficient to (a) have dimensions not less than: use, having regard to: (a) the characteristics of the site; (i) 1.7m in length; (b) the space available;

(ii) 1.2m in height; and

- (iii) 0.7m in width at the handlebars;
- (b) have unobstructed access with a width of not less than 2 m and a gradient not steeper than 5% from a road, cycle path, bicycle lane, shared path or access way; and
- (c) include a rail or hoop to lock a bicycle, or equivalent spaces for other personal mobility devices, that satisfies Australian Standard AS 2890.3-2015 Parking facilities – Part 3: Bicycle parking.

- (c) the safety of cyclists; and
- (d) the provisions of Australian Standard AS 2890.3-2015 Parking facilities -- Part 3: Bicycle parking.

GLE- S14.8 Development Standards for Subdivision

This clause is not used in this specific area plan.

GLE-S14.9 Tables

Table GLE-S14.9.1 Design sound levels

Location	dB(A) (LAeq) range	
Apartment common areas (e.g. foyer, lift lobby)	45 to 50	
Living and work areas	35 to 45	
Sleeping areas (night time)	35 to 40	

Table GLES14.9.2 Shared open space for apartments

Number of apartments Minimum area of shared open space	
1-9	Nil
10-19	120 m² plus 4 m² per apartment, after the first 10 apartments
20 or more	160 m² plus 6 m² per apartment, after the first 20 apartments

Table GLE-S14.9.3 Livable housing elements

Design element	Gold level	Platinum level
Entrance door – minimum clear opening width	0.85m	0.9m

Level external landing area adjoining the entrance door — minimum dimensions	1.35m x 1.35m	1.5m x 1.5m
Internal doorways – minimum clear opening width	0.85m	0.9m
Internal corridors/passageways – minimum width	1.2m	1.2m
Toilet area – minimum clear width:	1.2m	1.2m
 between the walls of the bathroom if located in a separate room, or 		
- between amenities if located in a combined bathroom		
Shower recess – minimum dimensions (width x length)	0.9m x 0.9m	1.16m x 1.1m
Shower recess – minimum clear space forward of the shower recess entry (width x length)	1.2m x 1.2m	1.6m x 1.4m
Fixed bench, appliance and wardrobe recesses – minimum depth	0.6m	0.6m
Kitchen and laundry – minimum clearance in front of fixed bench and appliance recesses	1.2m	1.55m
Entry level bedroom – minimum circulation area clear of wardrobe recesses, skirtings and wall lining	10m²	10m²
Living room — minimum free space (clear of area allocated for furniture)	NA	2.25m diameter
Windows to habitable rooms – sill height above the finished floor level	NA	Not greater than 1m



